**REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CONTENT OF ARTICLES**

The article should include the following sections: title, surname and initials of the author, information about the author, abstract, keywords, text of the article, list of references and References (transliteration and translation of the list of references for the English version of the article).

**Types of articles**

**An empirical article is a presentation of the results of an original study.**

The structure of the text of the article should contain the following sections:

Introduction: problem statement; problem background.

Research program: research stages; sample description – the number of participants, gender, age and other characteristics; methods and techniques with their description; the purpose and hypothesis of the study; the procedure for conducting it.

Results: description of the results (with tables and/or graphs); analysis of the results.

Conclusions: summary; significance for theory and practice.

**Theoretical article – an article in which, based on the analysis of existing literature, existing / new theoretical propositions are developed.**

The theoretical article may be devoted to:

* analysis of the development of the theory and refinement of theoretical constructs;
* presentation of a new theory;
* analysis of an existing theory (for example, consideration of its shortcomings);
* comparing multiple theories, demonstrating the advantages of one theory over another.

The structure of the article depends on its content.

Empirical data are introduced if they are important for solving the theoretical problem posed in the article.

**Methodological article – an article containing:**

* a description of a new methodological approach;
* modification of an existing method;
* discussion of quantitative and analytical approaches in science.

Empirical data in such an article can be introduced as an illustration of the provisions.

The methodological article should be sufficiently detailed to allow the reader to evaluate the applicability of the described methodology in research, to compare the presented method with the existing ones.

**Literature review-presentation of previously published research results.**

The structure of the article should include •

* statement of the problem (its definition and explanation);
* content of previous studies;
* main conclusions, the presence of contradictions in the literature;
* suggestions for overcoming this problem.

**A case study is a report on a specific case that was obtained when working with a person, group, community, or organization.**

The article may be devoted to:

* illustrations of the identified problem;
* analysis of ways to solve the identified problem;
* justification of the need for research in any field;
* analysis of existing theoretical difficulties.

**Other materials**

* event reports;
* comments and responses to previously published articles;
* book reviews;
* obituaries;
* letters to the editor and so on.

**Annotation requirements for various types of articles, keywords, and references**

The volume of the abstract is from 200 words.

Keywords: from 5 to 7 keywords.

**Abstract of an empirical study**

The abstract should contain: the problems of the study; the hypothesis of the study; a full description of the sample (number of people, age, gender, nationality, and other characteristics); the main features of the research method; a brief description of the results obtained (indicating the levels of significance); the main conclusion, conclusion, and significance of the study.

**Sample abstract of an empirical article:**

Justification: relevance, purpose of the work, research hypothesis.

Methods: sample description: comparison groups, number of subjects, gender, age, etc.; research base; research methods and techniques.

Results: a description of the results obtained, indicating the significance levels.

Conclusion: the main conclusion, the significance of the study.

**Abstract of the theoretical article**

The abstract should contain: the statement of the problem; the main principles of the functioning of the theory (s) / model (s) presented in the article; the main principles on which the analyzed theory (s) is based; the correlation of the provisions of the theory (s) / model (s) with the results of empirical research.

**Abstract of the methodological article**

The abstract should contain: the main class of methods discussed in the article, the methodology; the main features of the presented method; the scope of the method; reliability, validity and other features of the method (if a statistical procedure was performed).

**Abstract of the literature review**

The abstract should contain: a statement of the problem; a description of the continuity in the study of this problem; a brief description of the main participants in the research; a brief description of the results; the main conclusion; the significance of the research for theory and / or practice.

**Abstract of the case study**

The abstract should contain: significant characteristics of the participants in the study; the specifics and nature of the illustrated problem or its solution; the justification for the need for additional research and / or the identification of theoretical difficulties.

**Compiling a list of references**

The list of references should include references to current research published over the past five years.

**Recommended requirements for the number of sources for different types of articles:**

From 10 to 40 sources

No more than 3 links to your own publications (self-citation), including joint publications.

The cited literature for the last 5 years should make up 60% of the total number of sources.

When preparing an article for publication in the journal "Institute of Psychology of the Russian Academy of Sciences. Organizational Psychology and Labor Psychology" it is recommended to get acquainted with the already published materials on the topic of the article, as well as with the research made by the scientists of the Institute of Psychology of the Russian Academy of Sciences.

References to the author's works should consist of no more than three sources, including those made in co-authorship.